

# EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT 2016 HIGHLIGHTS

YEMEN . IRAQ . CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC . UKRAINE . TURKEY . SYRIA . LEBANON . JORDAN . NIGERIA . GBV . EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS

# JANUARY

#### SYRIA.

During the first 2016 trimester, 148 803 patients were treated and cared for in the 37 health centers supported by MdM in Syria through the HELP INSIDE program operated from Turkey, Lebanon & Jordan.

#### EBOLA.

The epidemic started in 2014 and officially ended at the beginning of 2016. According to the WHO, there were at least 28 000 cases, more than 11 000 deaths, and more than 10 000 survivors suffering from sequelae.

 $\rightarrow$  HR and operational support to the French Program in CALAIS



# MAY

GBV. Intervention in crisis settings : SRH and response to GBV. The guidance notes on SRH/GBV are ready and available in 3 languages on the intranet. All workers on all MdM programs should be able to identify, provide reception, care and treatment and refer someone who is a survivor of gender-based violence. Should be read <sup>(C)</sup>

# FEBRUARY

IRAQ.

Launch of the mobile clinic in Sinjar

# + The department moved to the 4th floor!

SYRIA.

JUNE

Regional office.

beginning of 2017.

TURKEY.

SYRIA.

and SRH Kits).

LEBANON & JORDAN &

All these programs are managed

the Syrian crisis and in order to

regionalization to Amman at the

International airport in Istanbul, 7

employees of the Emergency dept

were there : 3 internationals, 2

nationals and 2 HQ employees.

New emergency assistance provided: 40 emergency kits have been prepositioned (PHC Kits, Surgery Kits

organize a decentralization -

Terrorist attacks in Atatürk

again by the Emergency department

for a comprehensive management of

MdM provided emergency aid to 10 health centers in Idlib governorate and Aleppo after the conflicts escalated.

Support to long-term programs

GREECE Exploratory missions Emergency response BOAT HR support

# MARCH

SYRIA. 5 years of conflict. In 2011, Syrian people demonstrated in the streets to ask for "bread, freedom and dignity". These are now lost hopes since 5 years later, more than 250 000 people have been killed. It's an unprecedented humanitarian crisis.

YEMEN. 1 year of conflict. 10 000 people have been killed, more than 3800 civilians, more than 2.8 million people have been displaced, and the population is hungry.

+ On the 18th March, TURKEY and the European Union agreed on a global plan to reduce migration towards Europe... EU/Turkey agreement

 $\gg$  HR support to long-term program in SERBIA

# المليد العالم

#### JULY CAR.

Strategy workshop.

For several year the country has been faced with a political crisis which has significant consequences on healthcare. In Bangui – where we operate – only half of the 66 health facilities of the town are working and only thanks to the support of NGOs. Health indicators remain among the lowest in the world and outbreaks of violence happen regularly.

#### TURKEY.

July 16: attempted coup

# APRIL

NEPAL. 1 YEAR AFTER the earthquake, the reconstruction of the country has only started. The Nepal program has been handed over to the Asia Unit. The teams are still working an developing their activities in the Sindhupalchok district, which was the most affected by the earthquake

On the 16th April, there was a 7.8 earthquake in ECUADOR, which killed 671 people. After organizing an International Emergency committee and actively examining the situation, we decided not to intervene since the country and its neighbors have capacities to respond to the needs and we did not have any pre-existing program in the country.



# AUGUST

NIGERIA.

Emergency intervention in Nigeria. An emergency team was deployed with 10 tons of medical supplies. 1 month later, mobile clinics started to operate and the team is now complete.

Objective: to strengthen access to primary healthcare including nutrition, mental health, GBV for populations affected by the conflict and living in formal and informal camps, and healthcare facilities.







## SEPTEMBER

#### YEMEN.

Due to the bombing escalation and the worsening of the security situation, we decided to evacuate international staff. Activities kept going on. One month later, they were able to come back to Sanaa.  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{SYRIA}}.$ 

While heads of state were attending the UN General Assembly to talk about the Syrian conflict, attacks against humanitarian aid workers in the region of Aleppo intensified. 4 members of UOSSM, one of our historical partners, were killed.

## OCTOBER

#### IRAK.

On the 17th October, The battel of Masul started. We are working in the Dohuk, Kirkouk and Ninewa governorates and are ready to intervene with mobile clinics to answer the civilians' needs.

#### HAITI.

During the night on Monday 3rd October, the Category 4 hurricane Matthew, the most powerful hurricane in 10 years in the Caribe, hit Haiti, a country which was still recovering from the 2010 earthquake. The Emergency department is supporting th Latin America- Middle East Unit and sent 2 emergency workers and some equipment from the emergency stock.

#### NOVEMBER

#### UKRAINE.

3 years of crisis and the war in Ukraine is still going on, despite the fact that it is not covered by the media any more. 10 000 people have been killed, 5 million are in need of humanitarian assistance and 2 million people have been displaced.

CRA.

We are strengthening our intervention in SRH with the construction of maternity wards integrated in health facilities in Bouboui and Gbango.

Support to long-term programs in

BURUNDI Exploratory mission BULGARIA HR support

# DECEMBER

Full team!



